In the Claims:

1. (Previously presented) An ionizing radiation sensitive liposome delivery system, comprising a stable liposome-forming lipid and an ionizing radiation polymerizable colipid; wherein after administration to a patient the colipids are clustered in discrete domains.

Claims 2-3. Canceled.

- 4. (Previously presented) The liposome delivery system of claim 1, comprising from about 5 % to about 40 % polymerizable colipid.
- 5. (Previously presented) The liposome delivery system of claim 1, wherein the liposome further comprises a steric stabilizer.
- 6. (Previously presented) The liposome delivery system of claim 5, comprising from about 2 % to about 20 % steric stabilizer.
- 7. (Previously presented) The liposome delivery system of claim 5, comprising from about 5 % to about 40 % polymerizable colipid and from about 2 % to about 20 % steric stabilizer.
- 8. (Previously presented) The liposome delivery system of claim 5, wherein the steric stabilizer is a poly (ethylene glycol).
- 9. (Previously presented) The liposome delivery system of claim 1, wherein said polymerizable colipid is selected from the group consisting of mono-, bis-, and heterobifunctional, diacetylenyl, acryloyl, methacryloyl, dienoyl, dienyl, sorbyl, muconyl, styryl, vinyl, and lipoyl colipid.

- 10. (Previously presented) The liposome delivery system of claim 1, further comprising a releasable agent.
- 11. (Previously presented) The liposome delivery system of claim 10, comprising from about 5 % to about 40 % polymerizable colipid.
- 12. (Previously presented) The liposome delivery system of claim 10, wherein the liposome further comprises a steric stabilizer.
- 13. (Previously presented) The liposome delivery system of claim 12, comprising from about 2 % to about 20 % steric stabilizer.
- 14. (Previously presented) The liposome delivery system of claim 12, comprising from about 5 % to about 40 % polymerizable colipid and from about 2 % to about 20 % steric stabilizer.
- 15. (Previously presented) The liposome delivery system of claim 12, wherein the steric stabilizer is a poly (ethylene glycol).
- 16. (Previously presented) The liposome delivery system of claim 10, wherein said polymerizable colipid is selected from the group consisting of mono-, bis-, and heterobifunctional, diacetylenyl, acryloyl, methacryloyl, dienoyl, dienyl, sorbyl, muconyl, styryl, vinyl, and lipoyl colipid.
- 17. (Previously presented) The liposome delivery system of claim 10, wherein the releasable agent is a water soluble molecule.
- 18. (Previously presented) The liposome delivery system of claim 10, wherein the releasable agent is a lipid associated molecule.

- 19. (Previously presented) A pharmaceutical composition comprising a liposome delivery system of claim 10, wherein the releasable agent is a therapeutic agent encapsulated in or associated with the liposome, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or diluent.
- 20. (Previously presented) A method of treating a condition responsive to a therapeutic agent, comprising the steps of:
- (i) administering to a patient a pharmaceutical composition comprising an ionizing radiation sensitive liposome delivery system, comprising a stable liposome-forming lipid, an ionizing radiation polymerizable colipid; and a releasable therapeutic agent;
- (ii) subjecting the patient to ionizing radiation to polymerize a fraction of said colipid, destabilize the liposome and release the therapeutic agent.
- 21. (Original) The method of claim 20, wherein the radiation ranges from about 5 to about 500 rads.
- 22. (Original) The method of claim 21, wherein the radiation ranges from about 50 to about 250 rads.
- 23. (Previously presented) A pharmaceutical composition comprising the liposome delivery system of claim 10, wherein the releasable agent is a diagnostic agent encapsulated in or associated with the liposome, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or diluent.
- 24. (Previously presented) A method of diagnosing the presence or progression of a disease, comprising the steps of:
- (i) administering to a patient a diagnostic composition comprising an ionizing radiation sensitive liposome delivery system, comprising a stable liposome-forming lipid, an ionizing radiation polymerizable colipid; and a releasable diagnostic agent,
- (ii) subjecting the patient to ionizing radiation in order to destabilize the liposome delivery system and release the diagnostic agent; and

- (iii) diagnosing said disease through the use of molecular imaging techniques.
- 25. (Original) The method of claim 24, wherein the radiation ranges from about 5 to about 500 rads.
- 26. (Original) The method of claim 25, wherein the radiation ranges from about 50 to about 250 rads.
- 27. (Previously presented) A method of producing an ionizing radiation sensitive liposome delivery system, comprising the steps of:
- (i) selecting a stable liposome-forming lipid and an ionizing radiation polymerizable colipid;
- (ii) drying the lipids and colipids that comprise the liposome,
- (iii) hydrating said lipids and colipids with a buffer, comprising agents to be encapsulated or associated in a desired molar ratio to create hydrated bilayers,
- (iv) converting said bilayers into liposomes; and
- (v) purifying the liposomes
 to form a liposome delivery system wherein after administration to a patient the colipids are
 clustered in discrete domains.
- 28. (Previously presented) The method of claim 27, wherein the lipids and colipids are dried under a stream of an oxygen-free gas.
- 29. (Original) The method of claim 27, wherein the encapsulated or associated agents are therapeutic or diagnostic agents.
- 30. (Previously presented) The method of claim 27, wherein the bilayers are converted into liposomes by ultrasonification or freeze-thawing followed by extrusion.

- 31. (Original) The method of claim 27, wherein the liposomes are purified by gel permeation chromatography.
- 32. (Previously presented) A radiation sensitive liposome delivery system that can be targeted to a tumor site through attachment of at least one targeting peptide to the liposome of claim 10.
- 33. (Previously presented) The radiation sensitive liposome delivery system of claim 32, wherein the peptide is selected from the group consisting of antibodies, antibody fragments, and antigens.
- 34. (Previously presented) The liposome delivery system of Claim 1, comprising PEG₂₀₀₀-distearoylPE, cholesterol, distearolylPC and bis-SorbPC_{17,17}.
- 35. (Previously presented) The liposome delivery system of Claim 1, comprising PEG₂₀₀₀-distearoylPE, distearolylPC and bis-SorbPC_{17,17}.
- 36. (Previously presented) A liposomal delivery system of Claim 1 wherein only about 5% of lipids are polymerized to cause destabilization of the liposomal membrane.
- 37. (Previously presented) An ionizing radiation sensitive liposome delivery system, comprising a stable liposome-forming lipid, a steric stabilizer and an ionizing radiation polymerizable colipid.
- 38. (Previously presented) An ionizing radiation sensitive liposome delivery system, comprising a stable liposome-forming lipid, cholesterol and an ionizing radiation polymerizable colipid.
- 39. (Previously presented) An ionizing radiation sensitive liposome delivery system, comprising a stable liposome-forming lipid and an ionizing radiation polymerizable colipid

where the ionizing radiation polymerizable colipid is not 1,2 Bis[10-(2',4'-hexadienolyoxy)decanoyl]-sn-glycero-d-phosphatidylcholine when the stable liposome-forming lipid is dioleoylphosphatidylethanolamine or dioleoylphosphatidylcholine.